Proxy voting report

January - June 2020



1. Proxy Voting in Australia

Figures A.1 and A.2 below summarise CSC's proxy voting activity over the last three consecutive 6-month periods in Australia. Over the most recent six-month period to 30 June 2020:

- CSC exercised its vote on 283 proposals in respect of 47 Australian companies.
- As is common, the majority of proposals related to director elections and executive compensation structures, making up 42% and 29% of the total proposals put to shareholders, respectively.
- Within the board-related and compensation categories, CSC voted against approximately 5% and 4% of proposals, respectively.
- Compared to the prior corresponding period, the number of companies receiving second-strikes or more in respect of their remuneration reports decreased from 14 to 3.

Figure A.1: CSC proxy voting activities in Australia.

	6-month period to		
	Jun-19	Dec-19	Jun-20
Total number of companies	48	185	47
Total number of meetings	48	191	50
Total number of proposals	241	1046	283
Board related	45%	44%	42%
Compensation	40%	42%	29%
Capital Management	5%	5%	12%
Audit/Financials	2%	1%	3%
Changes to Company Statutes	4%	4%	5%
M&A	2%	1%	2%
Shareholder Proposals	2%	3%	5%
Other	0%	0%	2%
Total number of board spills resolutions*	3	14	3

^{*}Occurs when the company receives a second–strike or more on its remuneration report.

Figure A.2: Summary statistics of CSC's exercised votes.

CSC Australia Proxy Voting: January 2020 - June 2020

Percentage of "FOR" votes



1.1 Compensation

- CSC supports compensation arrangements for management and directors that are
 reasonable and fit for the purpose of attracting and rewarding talent. In assessing
 non-binding resolutions to adopt compensation reports, CSC expects to see clear
 and concise compensation reports that disclose all relevant information, facilitate
 understanding of the company's compensation policy and are aligned with
 shareholder interests.
- Between January and July 2020, CSC's votes were exercised in respect of 81 resolutions seeking support for compensation reports. CSC voted against 3 of those reports for failure to meet the expectations outlined above.
- Where a company receives more than 25% of votes against its remuneration report in two consecutive years or more, the Corporations Act grants shareholders the right to vote on whether the entire board should be re-elected. These reforms also prohibit key management personnel from voting on: (1) the remuneration report; (2) any two-strike board spill; and (3) from hedging incentive remuneration. It effectively removes the ability for executives to vote and approve their own pay. Shareholder approval is now also required for a declaration of "no vacancy" (previously used by boards to limit board size).
- In line with our investment-manager recommendations, CSC voted on 3 board spill resolutions during the period, supporting company recommendations against the resolution.

1.2 Director Election

• CSC considered 120 proposals for director elections, rejecting 6 proposals.

2. Proxy Voting in International Markets

CSC engages CGI Glass Lewis (CGL) to provide research and proxy voting advice for all of its unimpeded International Equities holdings. This relationship has increased CSC's voting transparency in international markets. Over the most recent six-month period to 30 June 2020:

- CSC exercised its vote on 22,944 proposals in respect of 1,562 international companies.
- Of these, 59% were board-related director elections, followed by audit/financials, compensation, and capital management.

Figures A.3 and A.4 below summarise CSC's proxy voting activity over the last three consecutive 6-month periods in international markets.

Figure A.3: CSC proxy voting activities in international markets.

Figure A.5: CSC international voting by region.

Figure A.5 below presents the number of proposals CSC voted in each international region.

		6-month period to		
	Jun-19	Dec-19	Jun-20	
Total number of companies	1620	308	1562	
Total number of meetings	1735	343	1656	
Total number of proposals	23339	3323	22944	
Board related	60%	50%	59%	
Compensation	10%	15%	12%	
Capital Management	6%	9%	6%	
Audit/Financials	13%	13%	13%	
Changes to Company Statutes	2%	4%	4%	
M&A	0%	2%	0%	
Shareholder Proposals	2%	2%	2%	
Meeting Administration	3%	4%	2%	
Other	2%	2%	1%	

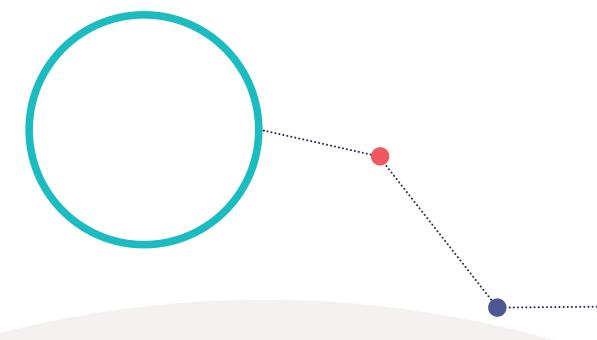
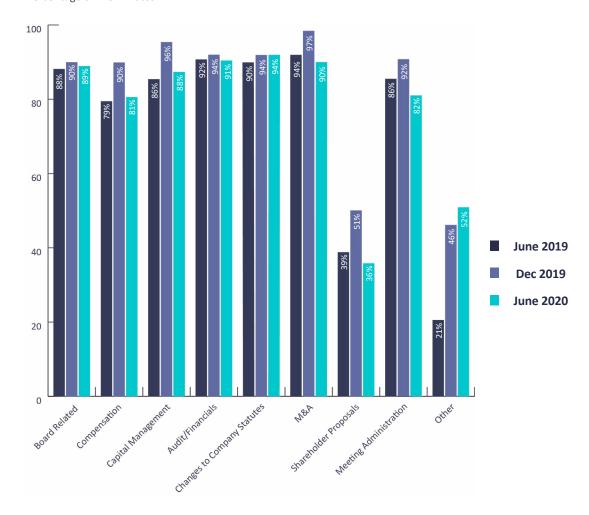


Figure A.4: Summary statistics of CSC's exercised votes.

International Proxy Voting: January 2020–June 2020

Percentage of "FOR" votes



As is common, the high proportion of "Take No Action" in Europe was concentrated in Switzerland. Switzerland allows share blocking (i.e. blocking shares from trading for a period prior to the shareholder meeting) and CSC's voting policy is to vote Take No Action in such cases.

International Proxy Voting: Proxy Proposals by Region and Vote Status

